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SECTIO	N 1. IDENTIFICATION			
Proc	luct name	:	Shell Turbo Oil T	68
Proc	luct code	:	001A9784	
Man	ufacturer or supplier's	deta	ails	
Man	ufacturer/Supplier	:	Shell Canada Pr 400 - 4th Avenue Calgary AB T2P Canada	S.W
Tele Tele	phone fax		(+1) 8006611600 (+1) 4033848345	
Eme ber	ergency telephone num-	:	(US)	hr): 1 (703) 527-3887 or 1 (800) 424-9300): (+1) 613-996-6666; Toll Free: 1-888-CAN-)
Rec	ommended use of the c	hen	nical and restriction	ons on use
Rec	ommended use	:	Turbine oil.	

SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS Classification

Not a hazardous substance or mixture.

GHS label elements

1/	Storage: 800001004655
2	No precautionary phrases. Response: No precautionary phrases.
Precautionary statements	: Prevention:
	Not classified as a physical hazard under GHS criteria. HEALTH HAZARDS: Not classified as a health hazard under GHS criteria. ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS: Not classified as an environmental hazard under GHS criteria.
Hazard statements	: PHYSICAL HAZARDS:
Signal word	: No signal word
Hazard pictograms	: No Hazard Symbol required

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No precautionary phrases. **Disposal:** No precautionary phrases.

Other hazards which do not result in classification

Prolonged or repeated skin contact without proper cleaning can clog the pores of the skin resulting in disorders such as oil acne/folliculitis. Used oil may contain harmful impurities.

Not classified as flammable but will burn.

SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance name	: Shell Turbo Oil T 68
Chemical nature	 Highly refined mineral oils and additives. The highly refined mineral oil contains <3% (w/w) DMSO- extract, according to IP346.
	* contains one or more of the following CAS-numbers: 64742- 53-6, 64742-54-7, 64742-55-8, 64742-56-9, 64742-65-0, 68037-01-4, 72623-86-0, 72623-87-1, 8042-47-5, 848301-69- 9.

Hazardous components

Chemical name	CAS-No.	Concentration (% w/w)
N-phenyl-1-naphthylamine	90-30-2	0.1 - 0.24
Interchangeable low viscosity base oil (<20,5 cSt @40°C) *	Not Assigned	0 - 90

SECTION 4. FIRST-AID MEASURES

General advice	ot expected to be a health h nditions.	azard when used under normal
If inhaled	o treatment necessary unde symptoms persist, obtain m	
In case of skin contact	emove contaminated clothin and follow by washing with persistent irritation occurs,	•
In case of eye contact	ush eye with copious quant persistent irritation occurs,	
If swallowed	general no treatment is ne e swallowed, however, get	essary unless large quantities nedical advice.
Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed	black pustules and spots o	ymptoms may include formation a the skin of exposed areas. a, vomiting and/or diarrhoea.

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I	Protect	ion of first-aiders	:		ng first aid, ensure that you are wearing the onal protective equipment according to the d surroundings.
I	Notes t	o physician	:	Treat symptomati	cally.
SEC	TION 5	. FIRE-FIGHTING ME	ASL	IRES	
:	Suitable	e extinguishing media	:		y or fog. Dry chemical powder, carbon diox- may be used for small fires only.
	Unsuita media	able extinguishing	:	Do not use water	in a jet.
	Specific fighting	c hazards during fire-	:	A complex mixtur gases (smoke). Carbon monoxide occurs.	ustion products may include: e of airborne solid and liquid particulates and e may be evolved if incomplete combustion nic and inorganic compounds.
	Specifio ods	c extinguishing meth-	:		measures that are appropriate to local cir- the surrounding environment.
	Special for firef	l protective equipment ighters	:	gloves are to be v large contact with Breathing Appara a confined space.	equipment including chemical resistant worn; chemical resistant suit is indicated if spilled product is expected. Self-Contained tus must be worn when approaching a fire in . Select fire fighter's clothing approved to is (e.g. Europe: EN469).

SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

	Personal precautions, protec- tive equipment and emer- gency procedures	:	Avoid contact with skin and eyes.
	Environmental precautions	:	Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contami- nation. Prevent from spreading or entering drains, ditches or rivers by using sand, earth, or other appropriate barriers.
			Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.
	Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up	:	Slippery when spilt. Avoid accidents, clean up immediately. Prevent from spreading by making a barrier with sand, earth or other containment material. Reclaim liquid directly or in an absorbent. Soak up residue with an absorbent such as clay, sand or other
			suitable material and dispose of properly.
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Addit	ional advice	see Chapter	e on selection of personal protective equipment 8 of this Safety Data Sheet. e on disposal of spilled material see Chapter 13 of pata Sheet.
SECTION	7. HANDLING AND S	TORAGE	
Gene	eral Precautions	vapours, mis Use the infor sessment of	haust ventilation if there is risk of inhalation of its or aerosols. mation in this data sheet as input to a risk as- local circumstances to help determine appropri- for safe handling, storage and disposal of this
Advid	ce on safe handling	Avoid inhalin When handli worn and pro Properly disp	ged or repeated contact with skin. Ig vapour and/or mists. Ing product in drums, safety footwear should be oper handling equipment should be used. pose of any contaminated rags or cleaning mate- to prevent fires.
Avoid	dance of contact	: Strong oxidis	sing agents.
Prod	uct Transfer	Proper grour	I has the potential to be a static accumulator. nding and bonding procedures should be used lk transfer operations.
Stora Othe	age r data	place.	ner tightly closed and in a cool, well-ventilated r labeled and closable containers.
		Store at amb	ient temperature.
Pack	aging material	steel or high	erial: For containers or container linings, use mild density polyethylene. naterial: PVC.
Cont	ainer Advice		e containers should not be exposed to high tem- cause of possible risk of distortion.

SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS AND PERSONAL PROTECTION

Components with workplace control parameters						
Components	CAS-No.	Value type	Control parame-	Basis		
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		(Form of exposure)	ters / Permissible concentration	
Oil mist, mineral	Not Assigned	TWA ((inhal- able frac- tion))	5 mg/m3	US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values

Biological occupational exposure limits

No biological limit allocated.

Monitoring Methods

Monitoring of the concentration of substances in the breathing zone of workers or in the general workplace may be required to confirm compliance with an OEL and adequacy of exposure controls. For some substances biological monitoring may also be appropriate.

Validated exposure measurement methods should be applied by a competent person and samples analysed by an accredited laboratory.

Examples of sources of recommended exposure measurement methods are given below or contact the supplier. Further national methods may be available.

National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH), USA: Manual of Analytical Methods http://www.cdc.gov/niosh/

Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA), USA: Sampling and Analytical Methods http://www.osha.gov/

Health and Safety Executive (HSE), UK: Methods for the Determination of Hazardous Substances http://www.hse.gov.uk/

Institut für Arbeitsschutz Deutschen Gesetzlichen Unfallversicherung (IFA), Germany http://www.dguv.de/inhalt/index.jsp

L'Institut National de Recherche et de Securité, (INRS), France http://www.inrs.fr/accueil

Engineering measures

: The level of protection and types of controls necessary will vary depending upon potential exposure conditions. Select controls based on a risk assessment of local circumstances. Appropriate measures include: Adequate ventilation to control airborne concentrations.

Where material is heated, sprayed or mist formed, there is greater potential for airborne concentrations to be generated.

General Information:

Define procedures for safe handling and maintenance of controls.

Educate and train workers in the hazards and control measures relevant to normal activities associated with this product.

Ensure appropriate selection, testing and maintenance of equipment used to control exposure, e.g. personal protective equipment, local exhaust ventilation.

Drain down system prior to equipment break-in or maintenance.

Retain drain downs in sealed storage pending disposal or subsequent recycle.

Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing hands after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and

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			ment to remove contaminants. Discard con- ng and footwear that cannot be cleaned. ousekeeping.
Pers	onal protective equip	ment	
	iratory protection	: No respiratory p conditions of us In accordance w tions should be If engineering co tions to a level w select respirator cific conditions of Check with resp Where air-filterin priate combinati Select a filter su	rotection is ordinarily required under normal e. with good industrial hygiene practices, precau- taken to avoid breathing of material. ontrols do not maintain airborne concentra- which is adequate to protect worker health, y protection equipment suitable for the spe- of use and meeting relevant legislation. wiratory protective equipment suppliers. ng respirators are suitable, select an appro- on of mask and filter. witable for the combination of organic gases ype A/Type P boiling point >65°C (149°F)].
	I protection emarks	gloves approved US: F739) made suitable chemica gloves Suitabilit usage, e.g. freq sistance of glove glove suppliers. Personal hygien Gloves must on gloves, hands si cation of a non-p For continuous of through time of 480 minutes wh short-term/splas recognize that s may not be avai time maybe acc and replacement a good predictor dependent on th Glove thickness	htact with the product may occur the use of d to relevant standards (e.g. Europe: EN374, e from the following materials may provide al protection. PVC, neoprene or nitrile rubber y and durability of a glove is dependent on uency and duration of contact, chemical re- e material, dexterity. Always seek advice from Contaminated gloves should be replaced. he is a key element of effective hand care. ly be worn on clean hands. After using hould be washed and dried thoroughly. Appli- perfumed moisturizer is recommended. contact we recommend gloves with break- more than 240 minutes with preference for > ere suitable gloves can be identified. For sh protection we recommend the same, but uitable gloves offering this level of protection lable and in this case a lower breakthrough eptable so long as appropriate maintenance at regimes are followed. Glove thickness is not r of glove resistance to a chemical as it is ne exact composition of the glove material. should be typically greater than 0.35 mm he glove make and model.
Eye p	protection		ndled such that it could be splashed into eyes, ear is recommended.
Skin	and body protection	work clothes.	is not ordinarily required beyond standard ce to wear chemical resistant gloves.

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Therm	nal hazards	: Not applicable			
Protective measures		•	: Personal protective equipment (PPE) should meet recom- mended national standards. Check with PPE suppliers.		
Envir	onmental exposure c	ontrols			
-		vant environmer of the environmer necessary, preve charged to waste municipal or indu discharge to sur Local guidelines	 Take appropriate measures to fulfill the requirements of relevant environmental protection legislation. Avoid contamination of the environment by following advice given in Chapter 6. If necessary, prevent undissolved material from being discharged to waste water. Waste water should be treated in a municipal or industrial waste water treatment plant before discharge to surface water. Local guidelines on emission limits for volatile substances must be observed for the discharge of exhaust air containing vapour. 		

SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance	: Liquid at room temperature.
Colour	: Clear pale yellow
Odour	: Slight hydrocarbon
Odour Threshold	: Data not available
рН	: Not applicable
pour point	: <= -24 °C / <= -11 °F Method: ASTM D97
Initial boiling point and boiling range	: > 280 °C / 536 °F estimated value(s)
Flash point	: >= 240 °C / >= 464 °F
	Method: ASTM D92
Evaporation rate	: Data not available
Flammability (solid, gas)	: Data not available
Upper explosion limit	: Typical 10 %(V)
Lower explosion limit	: Typical 1 %(V)
Vapour pressure	: < 0.5 Pa (20 °C / 68 °F) estimated value(s)

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Relative vapour density Relative density Density Solubility(ies)	 > 1 estimated value(s) 0.871 (15 °C / 59 °F) 871 kg/m3 (15 °C / 59 °F)Method: ASTM D4052 		
Water solubility	: negligible		
Solubility in other solvents	s : Data not available		
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	: Pow: > 6 (based on information on similar products)		
Auto-ignition temperature	: > 320 °C / 608 °F		
Viscosity Viscosity, dynamic Viscosity, kinematic	 Data not available 68 mm2/s (40.0 °C / 104.0 °F) Method: ASTM D445 		
	8.95 mm2/s (100 °C / 212 °F) Method: ASTM D445		
Explosive properties	: Not classified		
Oxidizing properties	: Data not available		
Conductivity	: This material is not expected to be a static accumulator.		
Decomposition temperature	: Data not available		

SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

1 4	4		000004004055
	Hazardous decomposition products	:	Hazardous decomposition products are not expected to form during normal storage.
	Incompatible materials	:	Strong oxidising agents.
	Conditions to avoid	:	Extremes of temperature and direct sunlight.
	Possibility of hazardous reac- tions	:	Reacts with strong oxidising agents.
	Chemical stability	:	Stable.
	Reactivity	:	The product does not pose any further reactivity hazards in addition to those listed in the following sub-paragraph.

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SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Basis for assessment : Information given is based on data on the components and the toxicology of similar products.Unless indicated otherwise, the data presented is representative of the product as a whole, rather than for individual component(s).

Information on likely routes of exposure

Skin and eye contact are the primary routes of exposure although exposure may occur following accidental ingestion.

Acute toxicity

Product:	
Acute oral toxicity	: LD50 (rat): > 5,000 mg/kg Remarks: Expected to be of low toxicity:
Acute inhalation toxicity	: Remarks: Not considered to be an inhalation hazard under normal conditions of use.
Acute dermal toxicity	: LD50 (Rabbit): > 5,000 mg/kg Remarks: Expected to be of low toxicity:

Skin corrosion/irritation

Product:

Remarks: Expected to be slightly irritating. Prolonged or repeated skin contact without proper cleaning can clog the pores of the skin resulting in disorders such as oil acne/folliculitis.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Product:

Remarks: Expected to be slightly irritating.

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Product:

Remarks: Not expected to be a skin sensitiser.

Components:

N-phenyl-1-naphthylamine:

Remarks: May cause an allergic skin reaction in sensitive individuals.

Remarks: Classified Skin Sensitiser Category 1B.

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Germ cell mutagenicity

Product:

Genotoxicity in vivo

: Remarks: Not considered a mutagenic hazard.

Carcinogenicity

Product:

Remarks: Not expected to be carcinogenic.

Remarks: Product contains mineral oils of types shown to be non-carcinogenic in animal skinpainting studies.

Highly refined mineral oils are not classified as carcinogenic by the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC).

Reproductive toxicity

Product:

Effects on fertility

Remarks: Not expected to impair fertility. Not expected to be a developmental toxicant.

STOT - single exposure

Product:

Remarks: Not expected to be a hazard.

STOT - repeated exposure

Product:

Remarks: Not expected to be a hazard.

Aspiration toxicity

Product:

Not considered an aspiration hazard.

Further information

Product:

Remarks: Used oils may contain harmful impurities that have accumulated during use. The concentration of such impurities will depend on use and they may present risks to health and the environment on disposal.

ALL used oil should be handled with caution and skin contact avoided as far as possible.

Remarks: Slightly irritating to respiratory system.

SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

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	Basis for assessment		:	 Ecotoxicological data have not been determined specif for this product. Information given is based on a knowledge of the comp and the ecotoxicology of similar products. Unless indicated otherwise, the data presented is repre- tive of the product as a whole, rather than for individual ponent(s).(LL/EL/IL50 expressed as the nominal amoun product required to prepare aqueous test extract). 	
	Ecotox	licity			
	Produc Toxicity ty)	: <u>t:</u> ∕ to fish (Acute toxici-	:	Remarks: Expect LL/EL/IL50 > 100	ed to be practically non toxic: mg/l
	Toxicity toxicity)	v to crustacean (Acute)	:	Remarks: Expecte LL/EL/IL50 > 100	ed to be practically non toxic: mg/l
	Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants (Acute toxicity)		:	Remarks: Expected to be practically non toxic: LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/l	
	Toxicity to fish (Chronic tox- icity)		:	Remarks: Data no	ot available
	Toxicity to crustacean (Chronic toxicity) Toxicity to microorganisms (Acute toxicity)			: Remarks: Data not available : Remarks: Data not available	
		onents: nyl-1-naphthylamine: or (Acute aquatic tox-	:	1	
	Persist	ence and degradabili	ity		
	Product: Biodegradability		:	Major constituents	ed to be not readily biodegradable. s are expected to be inherently biodegrada- components that may persist in the environ-
	Bioacc	umulative potential			
	Produc			_	
			Remarks: Contair cumulate.	is components with the potential to bioac-	
		n coefficient: n-	:	Pow: > 6	
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octan	ol/water	Remarks: (base	Remarks: (based on information on similar products)		
Mobil	ity in soil				
<u>Produ</u> Mobili			I under most environmental conditions. t will adsorb to soil particles and will not be		
		Remarks: Floats	s on water.		
Other	adverse effects				
Produ Additi matio	onal ecological infor-	expected to be r Not expected to	ture of non-volatile components, which are not released to air in any significant quantities. have ozone depletion potential, photochemi- on potential or global warming potential.		
		Poorly soluble n May cause phys	nixture. sical fouling of aquatic organisms.		
			t expected to cause any chronic effects to ns at concentrations less than 1 mg/l.		

SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods Waste from residues	: Waste product should not be allowed to contaminate soil or ground water, or be disposed of into the environment. Waste, spills or used product is dangerous waste.
	Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national, and local laws and regulations. Local regulations may be more stringent than regional or na- tional requirements and must be complied with.
Contaminated packaging	: Dispose in accordance with prevailing regulations, preferably to a recognized collector or contractor. The competence of the collector or contractor should be established beforehand. Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national, and local laws and regulations.

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

National Regulations

TDG Not regulated as a dangerous good

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Internati	onal Regulation		
	A-DGR regulated as a dangerous	s good	
	G-Code regulated as a dangerou	s good	
Transpo	rt in bulk according to A	Annex II of MARPOL	73/78 and the IBC Code
Ship Proc	ution category o type duct name cial precautions	 Not applicable Not applicable Not applicable Not applicable Not applicable 	
Special	precautions for user		
Ren	narks	for special preca	ons: Refer to Chapter 7, Handling & Storage, utions which a user needs to be aware of or with in connection with transport.
Add	litional Information	: MARPOL Annex	1 rules apply for bulk shipments by sea.

SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mix-ture

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Hazardous Products Regulations (HPR) and the SDS contains all the information required by the HPR.

EINECS/ELINCS/EC	: All components listed or polymer exempt.
TSCA	: All components listed.
DSL	: All components listed.

SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

Full text of other abbreviations

AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances; ANTT - National Agency for Transport by Land of Brazil; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CMR -Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; CPR - Controlled Products Regulations; DIN -Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization;

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IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China: IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods: IMO - International Maritime Organization: ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; Nch - Chilean Norm; NO(A)EC -No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NOM - Official Mexican Norm; NTP - National Toxicology Program; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TDG - Transportation of Dangerous Goods; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative; WHMIS -Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System

A vertical bar (|) in the left margin indicates an amendment from the previous version. Revision Date : 2016-02-11

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

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